About the FLEX I/O and FLEX Ex I/O Systems

1794 FLEX I/O Overview

FLEX I/O offers:

Adapter Terminal base I/O module

FlexBus connectors

FlexBus conn

FLEX I/O is a Distributed I/O System that connects to several Networks including EtherNet/IP, ControlNet and DeviceNet.

Flexible, low-cost, modular I/O for distributed applications. FLEX I/O offers all the functions of larger, rack-based I/O without the space requirements.

Independently select the I/O, termination style, and network to meet your application needs.

Two separate connection terminals for field power let you daisy-chain power connections to adjacent terminal bases.

One adapter communicates with up to eight I/O modules. Allows connection to:

- 256 digital input/output points, or
- 96 analog input/output points, or
- mix of I/O to meet your needs.

Modularity of FLEX I/O system provides choice of network and ease of expansion. The wiring terminations are done almost entirely on the terminal base. Terminal base termination selection includes screw-clamp, spring-clamp, and cage-clamp to wire directly to 2-, 3-, or 4-wire devices. Additional options of D-shell, knife disconnect, and fused terminal bases are available.

Adjustable keyswitch prevents incorrect module insertion into a preconfigured terminal base.

Terminal bases can be exchanged without moving other bases in your system.

If desired, connect individual power supplies to each base to isolate modules. Plug the I/O module into the terminal base to connect the I/O bus and field devices.

Remove and insert modules under power. No direct wiring to the module enables you to change modules without disturbing field wiring or system power.

Mix and match I/O modules. There is a wide variety of digital, analog, and specialty modules.

Each FLEX I/O system contains at least one adapter, one terminal base, and one I/O module.

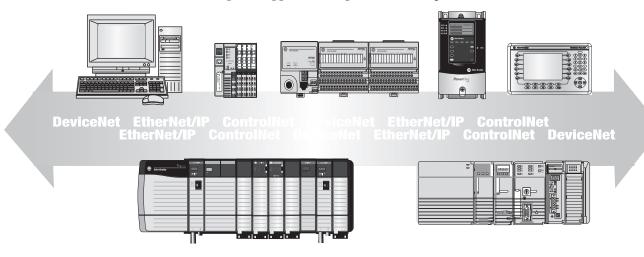
You can power the system with a FLEX power supply (1794-PS13 or -PS3), a 1606 switched mode power supply, or any other compatible power source. Use the terminal block on the terminal base to wire your field devices directly. Wiring directly saves you:

- installation and testing time
- multiple, long wiring runs and external terminal blocks
- control cabinet panel space

FLEX I/O provides additional savings if system problems develop. Combining your field-wiring terminations and the I/O interface into the same location saves you time and money by making your system easier to maintain and troubleshoot. Additionally, the full-featured FLEX I/O system lets you, in non-hazardous location, remove and insert modules under backplane power without disrupting your system.

Your FLEX I/O system can communicate on EtherNet/IP, ControlNet, DeviceNet, and many other open networks including, but not limited, to Remote I/O and PROFIBUS DP.

Adapters and other components are available for adding to your system as your specific application requirements change.



1794 FLEX I/O XT Overview

FLEX I/O XT modules are designated for extreme environment use.

They differ from their non XT counterparts only in operational temperature ranges and conformal coating is standard for FLEX I/O XT products.

FLEX I/O XT modules meet or exceed the following standards:

- ANSI / ISA-S71.04-1985; Class G1, G2 and G3 Environments
- CEI IEC 6065A-4; Class 1 and 2 Environments
- UL 746E
- MIL-1-46058C to ASTM-G21; (Tropicalization and fungicide)

These standards specify common emissions and classify their concentration levels in a number of industrial processes. Just a few of the common reactive agents that the FLEX I/O XT modules protect against are:

- H2S Hydrogen sulfide
- SO2, SO3 Sulfur dioxide
- CnHn Hydrocarbons
- NOx Oxides of nitrogen
- CI2 Wet Chlorine / Dry Chlorine
- NH3 Ammonia

General FLEX I/O and FLEX I/O XT Specifications

The following table shows the similarities and differences between the FLEX I/O and the FLEX I/O XT specifications.

Specifications Comparison

Attribute ⁽¹⁾	1794 FLEX I/O	1794 FLEX I/O XT		
Temperature, operating	055 °C (32131 °F)	-2070 °C (-4185 °F)		
Temperature, nonoperating	-4085 °C (-40185 °F)	-4085 °C (-40185 °F)		
Relative humidity	595% non-condensing			
Shock, operating ⁽²⁾	30 g peak acceleration, 11(±1) m	s pulse width		
Shock, nonoperating ⁽¹⁾	50 g peak acceleration, 11(±1) m	s pulse width		
Vibration	Tested 5 g @ 10500 Hz per IE	C 68-2-6		
Wire size	0.34mm ² 2.5 mm ² (2212 AWG) stranded copper wire rated at 75 °C or higher 1.2 mm (3/64 in.) insulation max			
Atmospheric protection	non conformal coated	conformal coated to meet or exceed the following standards:		
		ANSI / ISA-S71.04-1985; Class G1, G2 and G3 Environments		
		CEI IEC 6065A-4; Class 1 and 2 Environments		
	• UL 746E			
	4-0-4	MIL-1-46058C to ASTM-G21; (Tropicalization and fungicide)		

Specifications Comparison

Attribute ⁽¹⁾	1794 FLEX I/O	1794 FLEX I/O XT		
Certifications (when product is marked) ⁽³⁾	UL Listed Industrial Control Equipment			
is markeu/	UL Listed for Class I, Division Locations	on 2 Groups A, B, C, D Hazardous		
	CE Marked for all applicab	le directives		
	• CE / ATEX			
	CSA Certified Process Control Equipment for Class I, Division 2 Group A, B, C, D Hazardous Locations			
	C-Tick Marked for all applicable acts			
	• KCC			
	Marine Certification			
	SIL 2 Certification			
	• ODVA			
	ControlNet			

⁽¹⁾ For all other product-specific specifications, including environmental and certification, see the product sections within this Selection Guide.

⁽²⁾ To maintain these specifications, you must use DIN rail locks.

⁽³⁾ See the Product Certification link at www.ab.com for Declarations of Conformity, Certificates, and other certification details.

Specify a FLEX I/O or FLEX I/O XT System

Follow these steps as you specify your FLEX I/O or FLEX I/O XT system:

✓	Step	See	Page
	1 Select a communication adapter	OID N	_
	Choose the network for your operating system.	<u>CIP Network Infrastructure</u>	7
		Select a Network	8
	2 Select I/O modules based on field device	D: :- 11/0 M 11	45
	location of the device	Digital I/O Modules	15
	your application	FLEX I/O Analog, Thermocouple and RTD Modules	35
	number of points needed	<u>NTD Modules</u>	
	number of points available per module	FLEX I/O Counter Modules	58
	number of modules		
	Or use the Integrated Architecture Builder tool at http://www.rockwellautomation.com/en/e-tools/configuration.html		
	3 Select a terminal base Choose an appropriate terminal base for your modules.	General Specification Comparison	65
	4 Choose appropriate power supplies		
	Choose appropriate power supply	Power Supply Definitions	67
	Ensure sufficient power for the communication adapter and modules	Power Requirements and Transformer Sizing	68
	5 Determine mounting requirements and select accessories		
	Determine whether to panel mount or DIN rail mount the FLEX I/O system and at what orientation (horizontal or vertical)	panel mount or DIN rail mount	113
	Choose appropriate optional accessories to enhance your system	1794-CE1 and 1794-CE3 Extender Cables	115
		1794-NM1 FLEX I/O Mounting Kit	115
		1492-EA35 DIN Rail Locks	116
		1794-LBL FLEX I/O Label Kit	116

Select FLEX I/O Communication Adapters

Step 1 – Select:



a communication adapter based on the appropriate network

A FLEX I/O adapter module interfaces FLEX I/O modules to an I/O scanner port across a communication network. The FLEX I/O adapter module contains a built-in power supply that converts 24V DC to 5V DC for the backplane to power the FLEX I/O modules.

- Your 1794 FLEX I/O system can communicate on:
- EtherNet/IP
- ControlNet, single media or redundant
- DeviceNet
- Many other open networks including, Remote I/O, PROFIBUS DP, and others from Encompass partners

CIP Network Infrastructure

The Common Industrial Protocol (CIP) allows complete integration of control with information, multiple CIP networks and standard Internet technologies. CIP provides manufacturers with a scalable and coherent architecture incorporating discrete, process, safety, synchronization and motion applications using the same network technology as the ERP, MES enterprise levels applications. Ultimately, network convergence helps align technology with business goals for business process transformation and enterprise-wide visibility.

The following networks share the Common Industrial Protocol at their upper levels, while remaining media independent at their lower levels. This allows manufacturers to specify the best network for their application and eliminate costly and complex gateways when connecting dissimilar upper level networks.

- EtherNet/IP is an open industrial networking standard that supports implicit and explicit messaging and uses commercial, off-the-shelf Ethernet equipment and physical media.
- ControlNet allows intelligent, high-speed control devices to share the
 information required for supervisory control, work-cell coordination,
 operator interface, remote device configuration, programming, and
 troubleshooting.
- DeviceNet offers high-speed access to plant-floor data from a broad range of plant floor devices and a significant reduction in wiring.

Select a Network

You can configure your system for information exchange between a range of field devices and a specific scanner. You select the communication adapters for the networks that meet your needs:

Network Comparison by Application Requirement

Application Requirements	Network ⁽¹⁾	Communication Adapter
Plant management (material handling)	EtherNet/IP	1794-AENT 1794-AENTR
Configuration, data collection, and control on a single, high-speed network		1794-AENTRXT
Time-critical applications with no established schedule		
Data sent regularly		
Internet/Intranet connection		
Built-in switch, or high availability requirement (2-port AENTR)		
High-speed transfer of time-critical data between controllers and I/O devices	ControlNet	1794-ACN15 1794-ACN15K(2)
Deterministic and repeatable data delivery		1794-ACN15 ⁽³⁾ 1794-ACNR15 ⁽³⁾
Media redundancy		1794-ACINN19A1
Connections of low-level devices to plant floor controllers	DeviceNet	1794-ADN 1794-ADNK
More diagnostics for improved data collection and fault detection		1754-ADIVK
• Less wiring and reduced start-up time than a traditional, hard-wired system		
Connections to Remote I/O networks	Remote I/O	1794-ASB 1794-ASB2
Connection to PROFIBUS DP and DPV1 networks	PROFIBUS DP PROFIBUS DPV1	1794-APB 1794-APBDPV1

⁽¹⁾ Communication adapters and other components are available for adding to your system as your specific application requirements change. For more information, go to www.rockwellautomation.com/encompass and search for products under the FLEX I/O platform.

EtherNet/IP Network

EtherNet/IP is a network suitable for use in industrial environment and time-critical applications. EtherNet/IP uses standard Ethernet and TCP/IP technologies and an open application layer protocol called the Control and Information Protocol (CIP). CIP is also the application layer used in DeviceNet and ControlNet networks. The open Application Layer protocol makes interoperability and interchangeability of industrial automation and control devices on EtherNet/IP a reality for automation and control applications.

The 1794-AENT and 1794-AENTR connect FLEX I/O to Ethernet/IP enabled controllers such as ControlLogix or CompactLogix.

⁽²⁾ Modules that have the letter K in the last position of the catalog number, before the series designation, refer to conformal coated versions of the standard modules. These modules meet the following certifications: ANSI / ISA-S71.04-1985, Class G1, G2, and G3 environments; CEI IEC 6065A-4 Class 1 and 2 environments; UL 746E

⁽³⁾ Modules that have the letter R in the catalog number, before the series designation, refer to redundancy versions of the standard modules and are meant for redundancy networks.

⁽⁴⁾ Modules that have the letters XT in the catalog number, before the series designation, refer to extended temperatures version of the standard modules.

Select FLEX I/O Modules

Step 2 – Select:

I/O modules

The FLEX I/O module plugs into the terminal base, connecting to the I/O bus and field devices. Since there is no direct wiring to the I/O module, you can remove and insert modules under backplane power, enabling you to change modules without disturbing field wiring, other I/O modules, or FLEX backplane power. This eliminates costly downtime and the inefficiencies of restarting a system.

The choices and flexibility you have with I/O types range from digital and analog to temperature and motion control. FLEX I/O allows you to use as many as eight terminal bases per adapter which can provide a maximum of 256 digital I/O points or 96 analog channels per adapter. You can mix and match digital and analog I/O with mounting and wiring options, supplying you with a successful distributed system solution.

This flexibility gives you the following choices of I/O signal types:

- Digital: AC and DC voltage signals
- Analog: current or voltage
- Relay: normally open, 2 A capability
- Protected outputs: non-latching, latching, and with diagnostics
- Temperature: thermocouple or RTD
- Motion: high-speed counters, flow metering, and totalization
- Combo modules: combination of input and output capability
- Harsh environments: use FLEX I/O XT in harsh environments
- Intrinsic Safety (IS): use FLEX Ex I/O in hazardous areas to connect to field devices

Digital I/O Modules

Digital I/O modules interface with field devices such as:

- pushbutton and limit switches
- on/off actuators such as motor starters, pilot lights, and annunciators
- relay contacts

Features

Modules are available in different densities ranging from 8 to 32 points.

Digital I/O modules cover a wide electrical range:

120V AC: Input/Output and Isolated Input/Output, 8 and 16 point

220V AC: Input/Output, 8 point

24V DC: Input/Output/Combination, Sink/Source, Protected,

Electronically Fused, Diagnostic, 8, 16, and 32 point

48V DC: Sink Input/Source Output, 16 point

Relay: Sink/Source, 8 point

- Isolated inputs and outputs can be used in applications such as motor control centers where individual control transformers are used.
- Protected outputs (P) have electronic protection which acts to shut the output down in reaction to a short circuit, overload, or over-temperature condition.

Recovery from shutdown is automatic upon removal of the output fault. No fault status is provided to the processor.

- Electronic Fused (EP) module acts to open the output when a fault occurs.
 The fuse can be reset by operating a pushbutton, via software, or by cycling the input power. Fault status is provided to the processor.
- Diagnostic (D) modules detect, indicate, and report to the processor the following faults:

open input or output field devices or wiring

shorted output field devices

shorted input or output wiring

reverse polarity of user supply wiring

- Selectable input filter times from <1 to 60 ms.
- LED for each channel indicating status of:

corresponding input device

output signal

Digital I/O Module Summary

Catalog Number	Inputs	Outputs	Terminal Base Unit	Electrical Range	Module Type
AC Modules		'	1	•	1
1794-IA8	8 — 1794-TBN, 1794-TB2, 1794-TB3, 120V AC		120V AC	Nonisolated inputs	
1794-IA8I	1		1794-TB3S, 1794-TBKD, 1794-TB3K, 1794-TB3SK, 1794-TBNK		Isolated inputs
1794-IA16	16		1794-TB3, 1794-TB3S, 1794-TBN ⁽¹⁾ , 1794-TB3K, 1794-TB3SK, 1794-TBNK		Nonisolated inputs
1794-IM8	8	_	1794-TBN, 1794-TBNK	240V AC	
1794-IM16	16				
1794-0A8	_	8	1794-TBNF, 1794-TB2, 1794-TB3,	120V AC	Nonisolated inputs
1794-0A8I			1794-TB3S, 1794-TBN, 1794-TBKD, 1794-TBNFK, 1794-TB3K, 1794-TB3SK, 1794-TBNK		Isolated outputs
1794-0A16		16	1794-TB3, 1794-TB2, 1794-TB3S,1794-TB3K 1794-TB3SK, 1794-TBN ⁽¹⁾ , 1794-TBKD, 1794-TBNK	120V AC	Nonisolated outputs
1794-0M8		8	1794-TBNF, 1794-TBN, 1794-TBNFK,	240V AC	1/00
1794-0M16		16	1794-TBNK	44 <u>-</u> ()	W32

Digital I/O Module Summary

Catalog Number	Inputs	Outputs	Terminal Base Unit	Electrical Range	Module Type
DC Modules					
1794-IB8	8	_	1794-TB3, 1794-TB3S, 1794-TB3K, 1794-TB3SK	24V DC	Nonisolated inputs
1794-IB16	16	_	1/34-1033N		
1794-IB16D			1794-TB32, 1794-TB32S		Group isolated inputs Diagnostics
1794-IB16XT			1794-TB3, 1794-TB3S, 1794-TB3K, 1794-TB3SK		Nonisolated inputs Extended temperature
1794-IB10X0B6	10	6	1794-TB2, 1794-TB3, 1794-TB3S,		Nonisolated I/O
1794-IB10X0B6XT			1794-TB3K, 1794-TB3SK		Nonisolated I/O Extended temperature
1794-IB16XOB16P	16	16	1794-TB32, 1794-TB32S		Nonisolated I/O Protected outputs
1794-IC16	_	_	1794-TB3, 1794-TB3S, 1794-TB3K,	48V DC	Nonisolated inputs
1794-IG16			1794-TB3SK	5V DC	
1794-IH16				125V DC	
1794-IV16				24V DC	
1794-IB32	32	1794-TB32, 1794-TB32S			
1794-IV32					Nonisolated inputs wir
1794-OB8	8	8	1794-TB2, 1794-TB3, 1794-TB3S, 1794-TB3K, 1794-TB3K	24V DC	Nonisolated outputs
1794-OB8EP		1794-TB2, 1794-TB3, 1794-TB3S, 1794-TB3SK, 1794-TB3K, 1		Nonisolated, protected outputs	
1794-0B8EPXT			1794-TBNK		Nonisolated, protected outputs Extended temperature
1794-0B16	_	16	1794-TB2, 1794-TB3, 1794-TB3S,	24V DC	Nonisolated outputs
1794-OB16D	179	1/94-1B3K, 1794-	1794-TB3K, 1794-TB3SK		Group isolated inputs Diagnostics
1794-0B16P		1794-TB2, 1794-TB3, 1794-TB3S, 1794-TBN, 1794-TB3K, 1794-TB3SK, 1794-TBNK		Nonisolated, protecte outputs Conformal coated	
1794-OB16PXT					Nonisolated, protected outputs Extended temperature
1794-0B32P		32	1794-TB32, 1794-TB32S		Nonisolated, protecte outputs with groups

Digital I/O Module Summary

Catalog Number	Inputs	Outputs	Terminal Base Unit	Electrical Range	Module Type	
1794-0C16	_	16	1794-TB3, 1794-TB3S, 1794-TB3K,	48V DC	Nonisolated outputs	
1794-0G16				1794-TB3SK	5V DC	
1794-0V16				24V DC		
1794-0V16P					Nonisolated, protected outputs	
1794-0V32		32	1794-TB32, 1794-TB32S		Nonisolated inputs in groups	

Relay Modules

1794-0W8	_	8	1794-TB2, 1794-TB3, 1794-TB3S, 1794-TBN, 1794-TBNF, 1794-TB3K, 1794-TB3SK, 1794-TBNK.	24V DC	Isolated outputs Electromagnetic relays
1794-0W8XT			1794-TBNFK		Isolated outputs Electromagnetic relays Extended temperatures

⁽¹⁾ Auxiliary terminal strips are required when using the 1794-TBN.

Select Input Filter Times for Digital Modules

Input filter times can be set to the following values (EtherNet/IP, ControlNet, and DeviceNet only).

Input Filter Times – AC Modules

Filter Times for Inputs	Maximum Times (ms)				
	OFF to ON	OFF to ON			
	1794-IA8, 1794-IA8I	1794-IA16, 1794-I M 8	1794-IA8, 1794-IA8I	1794-IA16, 1794-IM8	
Filter time 0 (default)	8.4 ⁽¹⁾	7.5	26.4 ⁽²⁾	26.5	
1	8.6	8	26.6	27	
2	9	9	27	28	
3	10	10	28	29	
4	12	12	30	31	
5	16	16	34	35	
6	24	24.5	42	44	
7	40	42	58	60.5	

⁽¹⁾ OFF to ON filter is 8 ms.

⁽²⁾ ON to OFF filter is 26 ms.

FLEX I/O Digital DC Output Modules

- 1794-OB8 and 1794-OB16 provide 16 sourcing 1/2 Amp outputs (8 for the 1794-OB8) over a wide 10...31.2V DC input voltage range.
- 1794-OV16 is the sinking version of the 1794-OB16.
- 1794-OV32 is the 32 output version of the 1794-OV16.
- 1794-OC16 is the 48V DC version of the 1794-OB16.
- These modules are not fused. External fusing is strongly recommended or
 use protected output modules. Module outputs are not fused. Fusing of
 outputs is recommended. If fusing is desired, you must provide external
 fusing.

For 1794-OB8, 1794-OB16, and 1794-OV16 use SAN-O MQ4-800 mA fuse.

For 1794-OC16 use 2 A, 150V AC MQ2 normal fuse.

Digital DC Output Comparison

Specification	1794-0B8	1794-0B16	1794-0V16	1794-0V32	1794-0G16	1794-OC16
Voltage, on-state output, nom	24V DC, sourcing		24V DC, sinking		OV DC	48V DC, sourcing
Voltage, on-state output, min	10V DC	10V DC			OV DC	30V DC
Voltage, on-state input, max	31.2V DC				0.4V DC	60V DC @ 45 °C 55V DC @ 55 °C
Voltage drop, on-state output, max	0.5V DC		0.2V DC		_	1.0V DC @ 0.5 A
Terminal base unit	1794-TB2, 1794-TB: 1794-TB3K, 1794-TI	3, 1794-TB3S, 33SK	1794-TB3, 1794-TB	TB3SK	1794-TB2, 1794-TB3, 1794-TB3S, 1794-TB3K, 1794-TB3SK	
Current, on-state output, min	1.0 mA per channel	1.0 mA per channel				2.0 mA per channel
Current, off-state output, max	500 mA per channel 4 A per module	500 mA per channel 8 A per module		500 mA	24.0 mA per channel	500 mA per channel 8 A per module
Leakage current, off-state output, max	0.5 mA	0.5 mA				1.0 mA
Output surge current, max	2 A for 50 ms, repea	atable every 2 s			_	4 A for 10 ms, repeatable every 2 s
Output delay time, OFF to ON, max	0.5 ms				0.25 ms	0.5 ms ⁽¹⁾
Output delay time, ON to OFF, max	1.0 ms				0.5 ms	1.0 ms @ 25 °C 2.0 ms @ 55 °C ⁽²⁾
External DC supply voltage range	1031.2V DC (5% ripple)			4.55.5V DC (includes 50 mV p-p ripple)	3060V DC (5% ripple)	
External DC supply current range	1035 mA	2065 mA		50 mA	100 mA @ 5V DC	1327 mA
Power dissipation, max	3.3 W @ 31.2V DC	5.3 W @ 31.2V DC	4.2 W @ 31.2V DC	4.4 W @ 31.2V DC	0.8 W @ 5.5V DC	3.7 W @ 60V DC

Digital DC Output Comparison

Specification	1794-0B8	1794-0B16	1794-0V16	1794-0V32	1794-0G16	1794-OC16
Thermal dissipation, max	11.2 BTU/hr @31.2V DC	18.1 BTU/hr @31.2V DC	14.3 BTU/hr @ 31.2V DC	8.53 BTU/hr @ 31.2V DC	3.41 BTU/hr @ 5.5V DC	12.6 BTU/hr @ 60V DC
Dimensions (HxWxD), approx		46 x 94 x 53 mm (1.8 x 3.7 x 2.1 in.) 94 x 94 x 69 mm (3.7 x 3.7 x 2.7 in.) installed				
Isolation voltage	50V continuous, I/O to system Tested to 850V DC for 1 s, I/O to system No isolation between individual channels		50V continuous Tested 1770V DC for 60 s, I/O to system No isolation between individual channels	50V (continuous), Ba between field side a Type tested at 707V between field side a No isolation betwee channels	and system DC for 60 s, and system	75V continuous, I/O to system Tested to 1900V DC for 1 s, I/O to system (No isolation between individual channels)

⁽¹⁾ OFF to ON delay is the time from a valid output ON signal to output energization. ON to OFF delay is the time from a valid output OFF signal to output de-energization.

FLEX I/O Digital DC Protected Output Modules

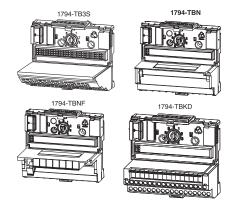
- 1794-OB16P provides 16 sourcing 1/2 Amp outputs self-protected against shorts, overloads, and over temperature. The faulted output will automatically return when the fault is removed. No feedback to the processor is provided.
- 1794-OB16PXT is the extended temperature version of the 1794-OB16P module. The module is conformal coated.
- 1794-OB8EP provides 8 sourcing 2 Amp outputs with electronic fuse type of overload protection, which opens when overloaded. The fuse can be 'reset' several ways. Fault status is provided to the processor.
- 1794-OB8EPXT is the extended temperature version of the 1794-OB8EP module. The module is conformal coated.
- 1794-OB32P provides 32 self-protected sourcing 1/2 Amp outputs in 2 groups of 16 outputs. Separate voltage sources can be used with each group.
- 1794-OV16P is the sinking version of the 1794-OB16P.

Digital DC Protected Output Comparison

Specification	1794-0B16P, 1794-0B16PXT	1794-0B8EP, 1794-0B8EPXT	1794-0B32P	1794-0V16P
Voltage, on-state output, nom	24V DC, sourcing			24V DC, sinking
Voltage, on-state output, min	10V DC	19V.2 DC	10V DC	
Voltage, on-state output, max	31.2V DC ⁽¹⁾	31.2V DC	•	
Voltage drop, on-state output, max	0.5V DC	0.2V DC	0.5V DC	0.2V DC
Terminal base unit	1794-TB2, 1794-TB3, 1794-TB3S, 1794-TB3K, 1794-TB3SK	1794-TB2, 1794-TB3, 1794-TB3S, 1794-TBN, 1794-TB3K, 1794-TB3SK, 1794-TBNK	1794-TB32, 1794-TB32S	1794-TB3, 1794-TB3S, 1794-TB3K, 1794-TB3SK
Current on-state output, min	1.0 mA per channel	IIav 1	7046	11/22

Select a FLEX I/O Terminal Base Unit

Step 3 – Select:



the appropriate terminal base unit for your module and system

Each FLEX I/O module requires a terminal base unit that snaps onto the DIN rail to the right of the I/O adapter. The terminal bases provide terminal connection points for the I/O wiring and plug together to form the backplane. They are available with screw, clamp, or spring terminations.

Common Terminal Base Characteristics

Current Capacity, max	Wire Size	Dimensions (HxWxD)
10	0.342.1 mm ² (2214 AWG) solid or stranded	94 x 94 x 69 mm 3.7 x 3.7 x 2.7 in.
	copper wire rated at 75 °C (167 °F) or greater, 1.2 mm (3/64 in.) insulation max	1794-TB37DS and 1794-TB62DS* (1) 127 x 94 x 69 mm 5.0 x 3.7 x 2.7 in

⁽¹⁾ Measured with expansion module installed.

The following table is a comparison of general specifications for each FLEX I/O terminal base unit. For compatibility with FLEX I/O modules, see Table Digital I/O Module Summary on page 16.

General Specification Comparison

Catalog ⁽¹⁾	Termination Type	Connections	Used in Applications	Current Capacity, max	Wiring Category	Purpose
1794-TB2	Cage clamp	16 I/O; 18 common; 2 +V		10	2	A generic 2-wire version of the 1794-TB3.
1794-TB3, 1794-TB3K ⁽²⁾		16 I/O; 18 common; 18 +V			Module dependent	Primarily intended for use with input modules when using 3-wire input proximity switches — can also be used with output modules.
1794-TB3S, 1794-TB3SK	Spring clamp					A spring clamp version of the 1794-TB3 – provides faster, simpler wire installation.
1794-TB32	Cage clamp	32 I/O; 8 common; 8 +V	Up to 31.2V DC			A 32-point version of the 1794-TB3 to be used with 32-point digital modules and the 1794-IB16D module.
1794-TB32S	Spring clamp					A spring clamp version of the 1794-TB32.
1794-TB3G, 1794-TB3GK ⁽²⁾	Grounded screw clamp	36 I/O; 2 common; 2 +V; 10 chassis ground				A screw clamp terminal base unit with individual grounding used with certain analog modules.
1794-TB3GS, 1794-TB3GSK ⁽²⁾	Grounded spring clamp				2	A spring clamp version of the 1794-TB3G.

General Specification Comparison

Catalog ⁽¹⁾	Termination Type	Connections	Used in Applications	Current Capacity, max	Wiring Category	Purpose	
1794-TB3T	Cage clamp, temperature	16 I/O; 10 common; 4 +V; 8 chassis ground; 2 sets of CJC for temperature modules	Up to 132V AC/156V DC 10 Module depender		Module dependent	A cage clamp terminal base to be used with the 1794-IT8 or 1794-IRT8 module (when used in thermocouple mode) – also provides chassis ground connections for the 1794-IR8 and analog modules.	
1794-TB3TS, 1794-TB3TSK ⁽²⁾	Spring clamp, temperature	16 I/O; 10 common; 4 +V; 8 chassis ground; 2 sets of CJC for temperature modules	Up to 132V AC/156V DC	10	2	A spring clamp version of the 1794-TB3T.	
1794-TBKD	Cage clamp, knife		_		Module dependent	A cage clamp terminal base with 16 knife disconnects.	
1794-TBKDS	disconnect					A spring clamp version of the 1794-TBKD.	
1794-TBN, 1794-TBNK ⁽²⁾	Screw clamp, NEMA-style	16 I/0; 2 common; 2 +V	264V AC/DC			A NEMA-style screw clamp terminal base for larger gauge wires with a cover for I/O wiring.	
1794-TBNF	Screw clamp, fused NEMA-style					Provides eight 5 x 20 mm fused, screw terminals with a cover for I/O wiring – shipped with fuses for the 1794-0A8 module; can be used to fuse the 1794-0M8 and 1794-0W8 modules with a replacement fuse. (3)	
1794-TB37DS	D-shell	37 Pin; digital and analog	_		Module dependent	A 37-pin D-shell termination for both digital and analog modules.	
1794-TB62DS		62 Point;				A 62-pin D-shell termination for both digital and analog modules.	
1794-TB62DSG	Grounded D-shell	62 Point; chassis ground				A grounded version of the 1794-TB62DS — for use with analog modules.	
1794-TB62DST	D-shell	16 I/O; 18 common; 2 +V; 2 sets of CJC for temperature modules				A 62-pin D-shell termination to be used with the 1794-IT8 or 1794-IRT8 module (when used in thermocouple mode) – also provides chassis ground connections for analog modules.	

⁽¹⁾ Isolation voltage, channel to channel, is determined by the insert module. Use this conductor category information for planning conductor routing. Refer to Industrial Automation Wiring and Grounding Guidelines, publication 1770-4.1.

⁽²⁾ The letter K in the last position of the catalog number, before the series designation, indicates a conformal coated versions of standard modules and can be used with extended temperature modules (modules ending in -XT).

⁽³⁾ Contains eight 5 x 20 mm fuses (one for each even-numbered terminal – 0...14 on row B). Shipped with 1.6 A, 250V AC Slow Blow fuse suitable for the 1794-0A8 AC output module. Refer to individual installation instructions for fusing recommendations for other modules. Littlefuse PN23901.6 A-B PN94171304, SAN-0 PNSD6-1.6A.

Select a FLEX I/O Power Supply

Step 4 – Select:

if power consumption exceeds the maximum for a single power supply, install additional power supplies

FLEX I/O modules are interfaced to the I/O link through a FLEX I/O adapter module with a built-in 24V DC input power supply. The FLEX I/O modules receive power from the adapter/power supply through the backplane. The 120V AC to 24V DC power supply (1794-PS13 or 1794-PS3) is also available for powering the adapter/power supply.

General Specification Comparison

Catalog	Power Supply Input Voltage, nom	Power Supply Input Power	Apparent Input Power, max	Transformer Load, max	Output Current, max	Output Voltage, nom	Dimensions (HxWxD), approx
1794-PS3	120V/220V AC	86 W	205 VA	250 VA	3.0 A	-	87 x 94 x 69 mm (3.4 x 3.7 x 2.7 in.)
1794-PS13		36 W	53 VA	90 VA	1.3 A		87 x 69 x 69 mm (3.4 x 2.7 x 2.7 in.)

Power Supply Definitions

Module Supply Voltage — This is typically either 120V AC or 24V DC nominal voltage that is supplied from an external power source wired to the module terminal base unit.

All Flex I/O adapters provide internal power to the maximum possible number of 8 Flex I/O modules. Power supply modules are required to provide 24V to the adapters.

The 1794-PS13 power supply is capable of supplying a maximum of 1.3 A at 24V DC. The output surge current is sufficient to drive four adapters with a surge of 23 A for 2 ms each operating at 24V DC.

The 1794-PS3 power supply is capable of supplying a maximum of 3 $A^{(1)}$ at 24V DC. The output surge current is sufficient to drive six adapters with a surge of 23 A for 2 ms each operating at 24V DC.

Non-Allen-Bradley DC power supplies can also be used, but should operate within the specifications for the devices they are powering. Size the power supply by calculating the total current consumed by summing the currents for each of the modules used for the power supply operating voltage applied.

⁽¹⁾ This refers to horizontal mounting: 2.8 A maximum for all other mountings. Refer to the derating curve in the installation instructions for that module.

The 1606 switched mode power supplies are capable of supplying a maximum of up to 40 A at 24V DC and can be used as an alternative when more power is needed.

Digital Input Modules require supplied 24V DC (19.2...31.2V DC) and consume the currents listed in the module specifications.

Digital Output Modules require supplied 24V DC (19.2...31.2V DC) and consume the currents listed in the module specifications plus the total current consumed by their loads. The load current is limited by the maximum load current and surge listed.

Combination Digital Modules have a combination of inputs and outputs. The current load should be determined as described for the combined input and output specifications listed.

Analog Input Modules require supplied 24V DC (19.2...31.2V DC) and consume the currents listed in the module specifications. In addition, adequate power must be supplied to the 1794-IE8 and 1794-IF4I transmitters to deliver input terminal voltage or drive 20 mA into the input impedance listed. This power source may be the same as the module power and can be included in the power supply calculated.

Analog Output Modules require supplied 24V DC (19.2...31.2V DC) and consume the currents listed plus the total current consumed by their loads. The load current is limited by maximum current or resistive load permitted per channel.

Combination Analog Modules have a combination of analog inputs and outputs. The current load should be determined as described previously for the combined modules and output specifications listed. The output load current is limited by the maximum current or resistive load permitted per channel. In addition, adequate power must be supplied to the 1794-IE8 and 1794-IF4I transmitters to deliver input terminal voltage or drive 20 mA into the input impedance listed. This power source may be the same as the module power and can be included in the power supply calculation.

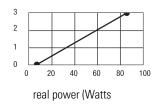
Counter Modules require module power, transmitter input power, and in some cases output load power. If output load power is required, use a separate power supply for output load power for noise immunity.

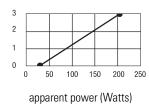
Power Requirements and Transformer Sizing

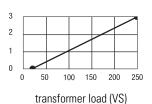
- Use the real power value in watts for determining the amount of heat dissipation you will have inside the enclosure.
- Use the apparent power value in VA for estimated power distribution sizing.
- Use the transformer load value in VA of each power supply plus all other loads on a transformer to determine the required transformer size.

1794-PS3 AC/DC

output current load

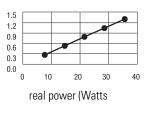


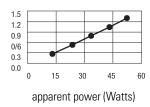


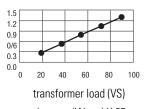


1794-PS13 AC/DC

output current load (Amps)







= real power (Watts) X 25